

DIFFLAN

BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT, READ THE LABEL CAREFULLY

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS INGESLUIT
VERWYS NA BESONDERHEDE
SOOS OP HOUER / SAK GEDRUK

Lotnummer
Datum van vervaardiging

DIFFLAN

HERBICIDE

Reg. No. L8313, Act/Wet No. 36 of/van 1947

2: 29/01/2013

A suspension concentrate pre- and post-emergence herbicide for the selective control of certain broadleaf weeds in wheat and lupins in the Winter Rainfall Region.

'n Suspensiekonsentraat voor- en na-opkoms onkruidodder vir die selektiewe beheer van sekere breë blaaronkruid in koring en lupiene in die Winterreënvalstreek.

HRAC HERBICIDE GROUP CODE	F1	HRAC ONKRUIDDODER GROEPKODE
ACTIVE INGREDIENT / AKTIEWE BESTANDEEL		
Diflufenican (nicotinilide)	500 g/l	Diflufenikan (nikotienanilied)

Registration Holder / Registrasiehouer
Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty.) Ltd. / (Edms.) Bpk.
 Reg. No. 2000/010819/07
 P.O. Box / Posbus 436, Modderfontein, 1645, South Africa / Suid-Afrika

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UN Number: 3082





CAUTION / VERSIGTIG



WARNINGS

ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 120 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND GRAZING, FEEDING OR HARVEST

- Handle with care.
- Poisonous if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin.
- Irritating to eyes and skin.
- Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight.
- Store away from food, feed, fertilizer and other agricultural products.
- Keep out of reach of children, uninformed persons and animals.
- Should the recommended dosage be exceeded, crop damage may result with consequent yield reduction.
- **Re-entry** – Do not enter treated area until spray deposit has dried unless wearing protective clothing.
- **DIFFLAN** is safe to most important varieties and no significant phytotoxicity in the form of yield reduction has been recorded under normal growing conditions. More susceptible cultivars may be released in future which need to be tested; for this apply **DIFFLAN** to a limited test area before commercial applications are made, or contact your distributor.
- In case of any uncertainty, contact your distributor.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be effective under all conditions. The activity and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the weed against the remedy, as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to man or animal, or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure by the user to follow the label instructions, or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS

- Do not inhale the spray mist.
- Avoid skin and eye contact by wearing protective clothing when mixing the product.
- Wash with soap and water after use and accidental skin contact as well as contaminated clothing.
- In case of eye contact, immediately flush with water.
- Wash contaminated clothing after use.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke while mixing or applying the product or before washing hands and face.
- Do not inhale spray mist and avoid contact with spray.
- Avoid drift of spray onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams and areas not under treatment.
- Dispose of rinsate where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, rivers, dams and boreholes.
- Prevent contamination of food, feeds, drinking water and eating utensils.
- After all product has been emptied out of the container, triple rinse the empty container before disposal.
- Destroy the empty container and do not use for any other purpose.

RESTRICTIONS AND NOTES ON USE

1. Phytotoxicity in the form of leaf scorch, stunting or yellowing could occur on lupins after the use of **DIFFLAN**. It is especially the yellow lupin (*Lupinus luteus*) and sweet narrow leaf lupin (*L. angustifolius*) types which are more sensitive to **DIFFLAN**. The crop usually outgrows these symptoms and yield should not be affected. Phytotoxicity could be severe if the crop is under stress due to drought, cold, waterlogging, nutrient deficiency or insect/nematode damage. Severe damage could be expected on lupins infected with *Phytophthora spp.*
2. Leaf necrosis could occur on wheat plants following use of **DIFFLAN**. The plants usually outgrow these symptoms and yields are normally not affected. Phytotoxicity may increase if the crop is stressed due to drought, cold, waterlogging, nutrient deficiency or insect/nematode damage.
3. Do not apply **DIFFLAN** when weeds are older than or larger than specified for a specific dosage rate, as this will result in inconsistent or poor weed control.

4. Poor weed control may result if **DIFFLAN** is applied when the weeds and crop have been subjected to moisture stress or any other stress factors. For pre-emergence application and control, a fine seedbed is required and uniform germination of crop and weeds. Apply only during adequately moist conditions, when the weeds are actively growing or prior to emergence as may be the case.
5. Ensure thorough coverage of weeds for the post-emergence application. Spray volume is important and must be sufficient in order to achieve good coverage of emerged weeds. It is preferable to use **DIFFLAN** in combination with other post-emergence herbicides with differing modes of action such as **SOLSTAR**.
6. Do not apply **DIFFLAN** to any crop or situation not mentioned in this instruction leaflet.
7. If annual grass weeds are a problem in lupins, use a registered pre-emergence or post-emergence grasskillers such as **SCORP** (L.7764) or **FOPSTAR** (L.7763). **DIFFLAN** must not be applied in a tank mixture with such grasskillers as crop damage may occur. If a post-emergence grasskiller is going to be used, it is recommended that it be applied 7 days before or 7 days after the application of **DIFFLAN**.
8. No crop besides lupins may be planted for 3 months following application of **DIFFLAN**. After a period of 3 – 6 months, the soil needs to be cultivated adequately prior to the planting of another crop. A test planting is recommended in **ALL** cases prior to commercial planting of any canola variety following use of **DIFFLAN** in the previous season. Should the highest recommended rate of **DIFFLAN** have been applied, a test planting is recommended in all cases, irrespective of how much time has elapsed and which crop is to be planted with the exception of lupins, wheat and barley.
9. Adequate soil moisture for the germination of the barley, lupins and wheat must be present if **DIFFLAN** is to be applied pre-emergence.
10. **DIFFLAN** may be harmful when applied directly onto germinating/partly germinated crop seeds lying on the soil surface.
11. Should **DIFFLAN** be used in combination with any other herbicide, consideration should be given to the restrictions on such labels.

RESISTANCE WARNING

For resistance management, **DIFFLAN** is a group code F1 herbicide. Any weed population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **DIFFLAN** and other group code F1 herbicides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds may not be controlled by **DIFFLAN** or any other group code F1 herbicide.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- Avoid exclusive repeated use of herbicides from the same herbicide group code. Alternate or tank mix with registered products from different herbicide group codes.
- Integrate other control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into weed control programmes.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product.

The presence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use and therefore neither the Registration Holder nor the Distributor can accept responsibility for any losses as a result of **DIFFLAN** not controlling resistant weeds. Do not apply **DIFFLAN** alone in situations where weed resistance has been confirmed. Sub-standard application of **DIFFLAN** will lead to inferior weed control and may assist in development of herbicide resistance.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE Use only as directed

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Half-fill the spray tank with suitable water. Pre-mix the **DIFFLAN** in at least 10 litres of water. Only use water suitable for irrigation and avoid using water with high levels of chlorine. Adjust the water's pH to between 6,7 and 7,5 if necessary. Avoid using spray water with resistance lower than 300 ohms and electrical conductivity higher than 1,0 mS/cm. Add the required quantity of surfactant to the water in the tank. Finally, add the partner remedy as appropriate. Fill the spray tank to the desired volume while agitating. Should tank mixtures with other agrochemicals be made, follow the respective manufacturers' label recommendations. **Tank mixtures must be sprayed out immediately and not allowed to stand in the spray tank overnight.** Spraying equipment must be thoroughly flushed out at the end of the spraying operation.

COMPATIBILITY

The compatibility of **DIFFLAN** with other products depends on the formulations of the respective products as well as the quality of the spray water to be used. As formulations change from time to time it is recommended that a physical compatibility test be done prior to the tank mixture being made.

DIFFLAN is compatible with other agricultural herbicides such as **Divert 75 WG** (L8132) and **Solstar** (L7968). **DIFFLAN** must always be used in conjunction with a recommended adjuvant such as Zap or Solitaire.

APPLICATION METHODS

Ensure that the equipment is correctly calibrated and is checked regularly during application to ensure even and accurate application.

GROUND APPLICATION

Tractor mounted boom sprayers may be used. A spray volume of approximately 200 l/ha should be used for ground application and can be applied via solid- or hollow cone nozzles. **Constant agitation throughout the spray operation is essential.** Only clean water should be used. Prevent overdosing by avoiding overlapping of swaths and closing the nozzles while starting, slow movement, turning and stopping.

RECOMMENDATIONS

CROP	DIFFLAN (mℓ/ha)	TIMING OF APPLICATION
Lupins	Pre-emergence: 150 mℓ 200 mℓ Post-emergence: 150-200 mℓ	Use this rate on lighter textured soils containing less than 20% clay. Also see RESTRICTIONS AND NOTES ON USE Use this rate on heavier textured soils containing more than 20% clay. Also see RESTRICTIONS AND NOTES ON USE Consult the tables below and choose the appropriate dose rate for the growth stage and size and species of weeds to be controlled. Also see RESTRICTIONS AND NOTES ON USE
Wheat and Barley	Pre-emergence: 200 mℓ DIFFLAN + 30 g/ha Divert 75 WG	Application should be made at, or as soon as possible after planting. See table below for the weeds controlled. Prior application and incorporation of trifluralin does not have a negative effect on control of weeds by the DIFFLAN/DIVERT mixture.
Wheat	Post-emergence: 150 mℓ Or more preferably 150 mℓ DIFFLAN + 500 mℓ SOLSTAR	Wheat plants must be well established, whilst the weed species must not be bigger than the 4-leaf stage. Also see RESTRICTIONS AND NOTES ON USE Wheat plants must be well established, whilst the wild radish plants should preferably be in the 4-leaf stage. Also see RESTRICTIONS AND NOTES ON USE

WEEDS CONTROLLED AT 150 ML / HA DIFFLAN UP TO THE 4-LEAF STAGE:

<i>Anagallis arvensis</i>	Pimpernel	(90 – 100%)
<i>Chenopodium album</i>	White goosefoot	(90 – 100%)
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>	Prostrate knotweed	(80 – 100%)
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	Wild radish	(80 – 100%)

WEEDS CONTROLLED AT 200 ML / HA DIFFLAN UP TO THE PRE-FLOWERING STAGE:

<i>Anagallis arvensis</i>	Pimpernel	(80 – 90%)
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	Wild radish	(90 – 100%)

WEEDS CONTROLLED IN WHEAT AT 150 m DIFFLAN + 500 ML/ha Solstar:

<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	Wild radish	(80-100%)
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WEEDS CONTROLLED IN WHEAT AND BARLEY AT 200 mL/ha DIFFLAN + 30 g/ha DIVERT 75**WG**

<i>Lolium spp.</i>	Rye grass	(70-90%)
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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF TRADEMARK

Divert 75 WG	(L 8132)	Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty) Ltd.
Solstar	(L7968)	Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty) Ltd.
Scorp	(L.7764)	Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty) Ltd.
Fopstar	(L.7763)	Meridian Agrochemical Company (Pty) Ltd.

WAARSKUWINGS

LAAT 'n MINIMUM VAN 120 DAE TOE TUSSEN LAASTE BESPUITING EN OES, OF VIR GEBRUIK AS WEIDING OF VOER.

- Hanteer versigtig.
- Giftig indien ingesluk, ingeasem of geabsorbeer deur die vel.
- Kan oog- en velirritasie veroorsaak.
- Bêre in 'n koel, droë plek, weg van direkte sonlig.
- Bêre weg van voedsel, voer, kunsmis en saad.
- Hou buite bereik van kinders, oningeligte persone en diere.
- Indien die aanbevole dosis oorskry word, kan gewasskade voorkom, wat tot opbrengs verlagings mag aanleiding gee.
- **Herbetreding** – Moet nie behandelde gebiede binne een dag na toediening betree nie, tensy beskermende oorklere gedra word.
- **DIFFLAN** is sonder enige fitotoksiseitskade op die mees belangrikste kommersiële kultivars getoets. Meer vatbare kultivars mag in die toekoms vrygestel word wat eers getoets moet word; hiervoor moet **DIFFLAN** eers op 'n klein toetsoppervlakte aangewend word, alvorens groot kommersiële bespuitings gemaak word.
- In geval van enige onsekerheid, kontak u verspreider.

Alhoewel hierdie middel omvattend onder 'n groot verskeidenheid toestande getoets is, waarborg die registrasiehouer nie dat dit onder alle toestande doeltreffend sal wees nie. Die werking en doeltreffendheid daarvan kan beïnvloed word deur faktore soos abnormale grond-, klimaats- en bergingstoestande, kwaliteit van die verdunningswater, verenigbaarheid met ander stowwe wat nie op die etiket aangedui word nie en die voorkoms van weerstand van die onkruid teen die betrokke middel sowel as die tyd en akkuraatheid van toediening. Verder aanvaar die registrasiehouer nie verantwoordelikheid vir skade aan gewasse, plantegroei en die omgewing, of nadelige invloed op mens of dier, of vir 'n gebrek aan prestasie van die betrokke middel as gevolg van versuim van die gebruiker om etiketaanwysings na te kom, of as gevolg van die ontstaan van toestande wat nie kragtens die registrasie voorsien kon word nie. Raadpleeg die verskaffer in die geval van enige onsekerheid.

VOORSORGMATREËLS

- Moet nie spuitnewel inasem nie.
- Vermoed kontak met die vel en oë deur beskermende oorklere te dra wanneer die produk gemeng word.
- Was met seep en water na gebruik en toevallige velkontak.
- In geval van kontak met oë, spoel onmiddellik met water.
- Was besoedelde klere na gebruik.
- Moet nie eet, drink of rook tydens vermenging of toediening van die produk of voordat hande en gesig gewas is nie.
- Moet nie die spuitnewel inasem nie en vermoed kontak met spuitnewel.
- Verhoed dat spuitnewel wegdryf na ander gewasse, weidings, riviere, damme en areas wat nie onder behandeling is nie.
- Voorkom die besoedeling van voedsel, voer, drinkwater en eetgerei.
- Leë houers moet drie keer uitgespoel word soos volg: Keer die leë houer om oor die spuitenk of mengbak en dreineer vir minstens 30 sekondes nadat die vloei tot 'n gedrup verminder het. Spoel die houer daarna **drie keer** uit met 'n volume water gelykstaande aan 'n minimum van 10% van die inhoud van die houer. Gooi die spoelwater by die inhoud van die spuitenk voordat die houer op die voorgeskrewe wyse vernietig word.
- Vernietig die leë houer, moet vir geen ander doel gebruik nie.

BEPERKINGS EN NOTAS OOR GEBRUIK

1. Fitotoksiteit in die vorm van blaarbrand, verkleining of vergeling kan voorkom op lupiene na behandeling van **DIFFLAN**. Dit is veral die geellupien (*Lupinus luteus*) en soet-smalblaarlupien (*L. angustifolius*) -tipes wat meer gevoelig is vir **DIFFLAN**. Die gewas ontgroei gewoonlik die simptome en opbrengs behoort nie geaffekteer te wees nie. Stresfaktore soos droogte, koue, voedingstekorte of insek/aalwurmskade kan die fitotoksiteit vererger. Skade kan verwag word op lupiene wat met *Phytophthora spp* geïnfecteer is.

2. Blaarnekrose kan verskyn op koringblare na gebruik van **DIFFLAN**. Die gewas ontgroeï die simptome en behoort nie opbrengs te affekteer nie. Stresfaktore soos droogte, koue, voedingstekorte of insek/aalwurmskade kan die fitotoksiteit vererger.
3. Moet nie **DIFFLAN** op onkruid toedien wat groter of ouer is as dit wat aanbeveel word vir die aanbevole dosis nie. Dit mag aanleiding gee tot onaanvaarbare onkruidbeheer.
4. Onaanvaarbare onkruidbeheer kan voorkom wanneer **DIFFLAN** toegedien word wanneer die onkruid aan vogstremming of enige ander stresfaktor onderworpe is. Dien net onder gunstige groeitoestande toe wanneer onkruid aktief groei.
5. Verseker egalige en deeglike bedekking van onkruid vir die na-opkoms toediening. Spuitvolume is belangrik en moet voldoende wees ten einde goeie bedekking van ontkiemende onkruid te verseker. Gebruik verkieslik **DIFFLAN** in kombinasie met ander na-opkoms onkruiddoders met verskillende metodes van werking soos **SOLSTAR**.
6. Indien eenjarige grasse 'n probleem in lupiene is, maak gebruik van 'n geregistreerde voor-opkoms of na-opkoms grasdoder soos **SCORP** (L. 7764) of **FOPSTAR** (L. 7763). **DIFFLAN** moet nie saam in 'n tenkmengsel met bogenoemde grasdoders gespuit word nie as gevolg van gewasskade. Indien 'n na-opkoms grasdoder gebruik moet word, moet dit toegedien word 7 dae voor of 7 dae na toediening van **DIFFLAN**.
7. Moet nie **DIFFLAN** op enige gewas of situasie toedien wat nie op hierdie etiket aangedui is nie.
8. Geen gewas, behalwe lupiene, mag vir 3 maande na toediening van **DIFFLAN** geplant word nie. Na 'n periode van 3 – 6 maande, moet die gronde deeglik bewerk word voor 'n nuwe gewas geplant word. 'n Toetsplanting word aanbeveel in **ALLE** gevalle voor kommersiële aanplantings van enige kanola-variëteit indien **DIFFLAN** die vorige seisoen gespuit is. Indien die hoogste aanbevole dosis van **DIFFLAN** toegedien was, word 'n toetsplanting in alle gevalle aanbeveel, ongeag hoeveel tyd verloop het en watter gewas geplant gaan word, met die uitsondering van lupiene, koring en gars.
9. Genoeg grondvog vir goeie ontkieming van lupiene, gars en koring moet aanwesig wees indien **DIFFLAN** vooropkoms gebruik gaan word.
10. **DIFFLAN** mag skadelik wees indien dit direk toegedien word op ontkiemende of gedeeltelikontkiemde lupienesaad wat bo-op die grond lê.
11. Indien **DIFFLAN** saam met enige ander onkruiddoder gebruik word, moet die beperkings van daardie betrokke produk gevolg word.

WEERSTANDSWAARSKUWING

Vir weerstandsbestuur is **DIFFLAN** 'n groeikode F1 onkruiddoder. Enige populasie van 'n spesifieke onkruid mag individue insluit wat 'n natuurlike weerstand teen **DIFFLAN**, of enige ander groeikode F1 onkruiddoder het. Indien hierdie onkruiddoders herhaaldelik aangewend word, kan die weerstandbiedende individue uiteindelik die onkruidpopulasie oorheers. Hierdie weerstandbiedende onkruid sal waarskynlik nie deur **DIFFLAN** of enige ander groeikode F1 onkruiddoder beheer word nie.

Om weerstand teen onkruiddoders te verhoog:

- Vermoë die eksklusiewe herhaaldelike gebruik van onkruiddoders met dieselfde groeikode. Wissel af met, of gebruik tenkmengsels van, produkte in verskillende onkruiddodergroeikodes.
- Integreer ander beheermaatreëls (chemies, verbouing, biologies) in onkruidbeheerprogramme.

Vir spesifieke inligting oor weerstandsbestuur kontak die registrasiehouer van hierdie produk. Die teenwoordigheid van sulke weerstandbiedende onkruid is moeilik om te bepaal voordat die onkruiddoder toegedien word. Die registrasiehouer en verspreider kan dus nie verantwoordelikheid aanvaar vir enige verliese wat mag voortspruit uit swak onkruidbeheer van weerstandbiedende onkruidtipes nie. Waar weerstand bekend is, moet **DIFFLAN** nie alleen toegedien word nie. Té lae dosisse **DIFFLAN** of ander groeikode F1 onkruiddoders sal lei tot onbevredigende onkruidbeheer wat kan bydra tot die ontwikkeling van onkruidweerstand.

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS

Gebruik slegs soos aangedui.

MENGINSTRUKSIES

Maak die tenk halfvol met geskikte spuitwater. Maak 'n voormengsel met **DIFFLAN** in ten minste 10 liter water aan. Gebruik net water wat geskik is vir besproeiing en vermy water met 'n hoë chloorinhoud. Indien nodig, stel die water se pH reg tot tussen 6,7 en 7,5. Vermoë water met 'n weerstand laer as 300 ohms of 'n geleidingsvermoë bokant 1,0 mS/cm. Voeg die voormengsel by die spuitwater. Voeg die

benodigde hoeveelheid benatter in die spuitwater. Indien daar enige ander middel saam gespuit gaan word moet dit laastens bygevoeg word. Maak die spuitenk tot by die finale volume vol. Roer goed om vermenging te verseker voordat die mengsel toegedien word. As tenkmengsels met ander middels gemaak word, moet die betrokke vervaardiger se etiket gevolg word. **Die tenkmengsel moet onmiddellik uitgespuit word en nie toegelaat om oornag in die spuitenk te staan nie.** Die spuittoerusting moet aan die einde van die toediening deeglik uitgewas word.

VERENIGBAARHEID

Die verenigbaarheid van **DIFFLAN** met ander produkte hang van die formulering van die betrokke produkte af, asook van die kwaliteit van die spuitwater. Deurdat formulering van tyd tot tyd verander word dit aanbeveel om 'n fisiese verenigbaarheidstoets uit te voer voordat tenkmengsel gemaak word. **DIFFLAN** is verenigbaar met ander landbou-onkruiddoders soos **DIVERT 75 WG** (L8132) en **SOLSTAR** (L7968). **DIFFLAN** moet altyd saam met 'n geregistreerde benatter soos Zap or Solitaire gebruik word.

TOEDIENINGSMETODES

Maak seker dat die spuittoerusting korrek gekalibreer is en gereeld tydens toediening nagegaan word om egalige en akkurate toediening te verseker.

GRONDTOEDIENING:

Rugsakspuite of 'n konvensionele trekkerbalkspuite kan gebruik word. 'n Totale spuitvolume van ongeveer 200 l/ha moet gebruik word en dit kan toegedien word met soliede- of holkeëlsputpunte. **Die mengsel moet aanhoudend en deeglik geroer word tydens toediening.** Gebruik net skoon water vir toediening. Verhoed oordosering deur oorvleueling van spuitbane te voorkom en deur spuitpunte af te sluit wanneer die stelsel aangeskakel word, stadig beweeg, draai en tot stilstand kom.

AANBEVELINGS

GEWAS	DIFFLAN (mℓ/ha)	TOEDIENING
Lupiëne	<p>Voor-opkoms: 150 mℓ/ha</p> <p>200 mℓ</p> <p>Na-opkoms: 150 – 200 mℓ/ha</p>	<p>Gebruik hierdie dosis op ligter gronde met minder as 20% klei. Sien ook BEPERKINGS EN NOTAS OOR GEBRUIK.</p> <p>Gebruik hierdie dosis op swaarder gronde met meer as 20% klei. Sien ook BEPERKINGS EN NOTAS OOR GEBRUIK.</p> <p>Neem kennis van tabelle hieronder en kies die geskikte dosis vir die groeistadium/grootte en onkruidspesie wat beheer moet word. Sien ook BEPERKINGS EN NOTAS OOR GEBRUIK.</p>
Koring en Gars	<p>Voor-opkoms: 200 mℓ Diffan / ha + 30 g/ha Divert 75 WG</p>	<p>Toediening moet gemaak word tydens, of so gou as moontlik na plant. Sien die tabel hieronder vir die onkruid wat beheer sal word. Vorige toediening en die inkorporering van trifluralin het nie 'n negatiewe uitwerking op die beheer van onkruid by die DIFFLAN/DIVERT mengsel nie.</p>
Koring	<p>Na-opkoms: 150 mℓ/ha</p> <p>Of meer verkieslik</p> <p>150 mℓ DIFFLAN + 500 mℓ SOLSTAR</p>	<p>Koringplante moet goed gevestig wees, terwyl die Ramenasplante kleiner as die 2-blaarstadium moet wees. Sien ook BEPERKINGS EN NOTAS OOR GEBRUIK</p> <p>Koring plante moet goed gevestig wees, terwyl die onkruid nie groter as die 4-blaarstadium moet wees nie. Sien ook BEPERKINGS EN NOTAS OOR GEBRUIK</p>

ONKRUIDE WAT BEHEER WORD TEEN 150 - 175 mℓ/ha TOT EN MET DIE 4-BLAARSTADIUM:

<i>Anagallis arvensis</i>	Pimpernel	(90 – 100%)
<i>Chenopodium album</i>	Withondebossie	(90 – 100%)
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>	Voëlduisendknoop	(80 – 100%)
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	Ramenas	(80 – 100%)

ONKRUIDE WAT BEHEER WORD TEEN 200 mℓ/ha DIFFLAN TOT EN MET DIE VOOR-BLOM STADIUM:

<i>Anagallis arvensis</i>	Pimpernel	(80 – 90%)
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	Ramenas	(90 – 100%)

ONKRUIDE WAT BEHEER WORD IN KORING TEEN 150 mℓ/ha DIFFLAN + 500 mℓ/ha Solstar:

<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	Ramenas	(80 – 100%)
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ONKRUIDE WAT BEHEER WORD IN KORING EN GARS TEEN 200 mℓ/ha DIFFLAN + 30 g/ha DIVERT 75 WG

<i>Lolium spp.</i>	Raaigras	(70-90%)
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DIFFLAN behoort die bogenoemde onkruides soos aangedui te beheer. Ander onkruidespesies wat afwesig was tydens produk ontwikkeling mag dalk ook tot 'n mate beheer word. Die registrasiehouer kan nie verantwoordelikheid neem vir onkruides wat nie gelys is nie.

ERKENNING VAN HANDELSMERKE

Divert 75 WG	(L 8132)	Meridian Agrochemical Company (Edms.) Bpk.
Solstar	(L7968)	Meridian Agrochemical Company (Edms.) Bpk.
Scorp	(L.7764)	Meridian Agrochemical Company (Edms.) Bpk.
Fopstar	(L.7763)	Meridian Agrochemical Company (Edms.) Bpk.